THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. XXI. TUESDAY, April 28, 1807. No. 1075.

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION FOR THE *PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.*

Two Dollars a Year—One Dollar to be paid at the time of subscribing, the other at the end of six months, if demanded. When the paper is sent by post, the postage must be paid, in addition to the subscription.

Advertisements, not exceeding a square, inserted three times for One Dollar, and every continuance after, 25 Cents. Those exceeding a square, in proportion. Persons sending advertisements are requested to note the number of times they wish them inserted.

☞ *Handbills, Blanks, and Printing in general, executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch.*

PROPOSALS

FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION,

BY *DAVID M'KEEHAN, BOOKSELLER,*

A JOURNAL

OF THE

VOYAGES & TRAVELS

OF

A CORPS OF DISCOVERY,

Under the command of

CAPTAIN LEWIS AND CAPTAIN CLARKE

Of the Army of the United States,

FROM

THE MOUTH OF THE RIVER MISSOURI THROUGH THE INTERIOR PARTS OF NORTH AMERICA TO THE PACIFIC OCEAN,

During the years 1804, 1805 & 1806.

CONTAINING

An authentic relation of the most interesting transactions during the expedition;—A description of the country, } *And an account of its inhabitants, soil, climate, curiosities, & vegetable and animal productions.*

BY PATRICK GASS,

One of the persons employed in the expedition:

WITH

GEOGRAPHICAL & EXPLANATORY NOTES,

By the Publisher.

TO recommend the correctness of this work, the publisher begs leave to state, that at the different resting places during the expedition, the several journals were brought together, compared, corrected, and the blanks, which had been unavoidably left, filled up; and that, since he became the proprietor, in order to render it more useful and acceptable, he has undertaken and completed the laborious task of arranging and transcribing the whole of it. To this he will add, the following extract from a certificate delivered by Captain Lewis to Mr. Gass, dated St. Louis, 10th Oct. 1806.

"As a tribute justly due to the merits of the "said *Patrick Gass*, I with chearfulness de- "clare, that the ample support, which he gave "me, under every difficulty; the manly firm- "ness, which he evinced on every occasion; "and the fortitude with which he bore the fa- "tigues and painful sufferings incident to that "long voyage, intitles him to my highest con- "fidence and sincere thanks, while it eminently "recommends him to the consideration and "respect of his fellow citizens."

Conditions.

I. This work will be published in one volume duodecimo; and is expected to contain near 300 pages.

II. The price to subscribers will be one dollar, handsomely bound in boards. As the expence, however, of publishing an edition sufficiently large to meet the demands for this work, including the original purchase money, will be very considerable; those who pay in advance, will be intitled to a discount of 12 1-2 per cent.

III. Those who obtain ten subscribers and become responsible for the payment of the subscription money shall receive one copy gratis.

☞ The work will be ready for delivery in two months from this date.

*** Subscriptions will be received at the Store of the publisher, and at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Pittsburgh, March 23d, 1807.

Pittsburgh Point Brewery.

THE public are respectfully informed that the Point Brewery is in operation. Porter fit for the Natchez and New-Orleans market can be furnished at any time at seven dollars ninety cents per barrel. Best Strong Beer for exportation or home consumption at six dollars and of a middling quality for families at three dollars fifty cents per barrel, delivered in whole or half barrels any where in the Borough, as usual. Orders from the Town or Country, directed to the subscriber, will be carefully attended to.

For J. O'Hara,

GEORGE SHIRAS.

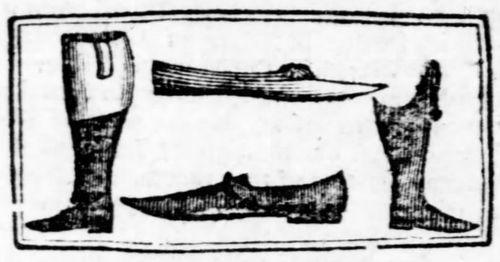
November 3, 1806.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE LANDS on Chartiers creek, the property of General Hand, deceased, wil be Sold by his Administrators. Their excellent quality, and their vicinity to Pittsburgh, will render them an advantageous purchase. Apply to CHARLES SMITH, Esq. in Lancaster or the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

ALEXANDER ADDISON.

Pittsburgh, 15th September, 1806. tf.



ROBERT WELSH,

BOOT & SHOE MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he continues to carry on the above business in all its various branches, at his shop in Market Street, corner of Front Street, and adjoining Mr. Porter's Nail Factory, where he will be happy to supply all those who may call on him, and flatters himself he will give satisfaction, both in the neatness and durability of his work.

He likewise informs traders and others that he constantly keeps a handsome assortment of *ready made* BOOTS and SHOES, which he will warrant good, and which he will sell wholesale or retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1807. tf.

CASH.

The highest price in Cash will be given for all kinds of

Oak and Hemlock Bark, Hides,

and *Calf Skins, &c.*

FOR SALE,

A large quantity of Leather.

Apply to, JOHN HANCOCK.

Pittsburgh, March 2, 1807. 2m.

Hemp Wanted,

SIX DOLLARS *CASH* per cwt. will be given for clean sound HEMP, by JOHN IRWIN, Rope Maker, Corner of Third and Liberty Streets, where ROPES of all kinds may be had at the most moderate prices.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1807.

Joseph Harbeson,

Copper Smith, Market Street, Pittsburgh,

HAS FOR SALE,

A few very heavy STILLS,

For which he will take Whiskey in payment.

Pittsburgh, February 2, 1807.

To the Citizens of Pittsburgh,

and the Patrons of Literature and the Fine Arts in general.

THE subscriber returns his warmest thanks for the patronage which he has received from the citizens of Pittsburgh—the gratitude of his pupils and of their parents has been flattering and manifested in the most interesting manner—the approbation of good men is a powerful incentive to a discharge of his duty—he hopes it will lead him to farther exertions.

His thanks are due to the Trustees of the Pittsburgh Academy—honoured with their confidence he will proceed to teach the *French* and *German* Languages, and to give lessons in *Drawing*, in the *PITTSBURGH ACADEMY*, on the 23d inst. The greatest attention shall be paid to the morals of his pupils—no vices he trusts shall be known amongst them. He hopes that whilst his pupils are aspiring to the temple of science and of taste, they will approach it in the path of virtue.

CHRISTOPH FREIDRICH SCHEWE,

Pastor of the German Church, Pittsburgh, and formerly Professor of the European northern Languages and Drawing in the Lycée Academique in Paris.

March 12, 1807.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT forty miles from Pittsburgh on the Ohio river, a handsome tract of 400 Acres of Land, a large proportion thereof is first rate, about thirty acres under improvement, there are three excellent Sugar Camps, a Grist mill and Distillery in good repair on the premises. It is well calculated for Ship or Boat Building, abounding with timber of the first quality, the buildings are replete with conveniencies for the immediate reception of a family; likewise on the bank of the river, a good House and valuable Lots, an eligible stand for a store or any other business. The property will be disposed of low for cash. The title is indisputable. For terms apply to *WILLIAM C. LARWILL*, Attorney at Law, at the Post Office, Fawcett's Town, State of Ohio, who has several other Tracts of Land for Sale in this neighbourhood.

August 15, 1806, tf

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber's farm on Rhode River, in Ann Arundel County, State of Maryland, a Negro Man slave named GILBERT—He is very black, between thirty-five and forty years of age—about five feet, ten inches high—raw boned and loose made—he has lost his front upper teeth, and has a large scar on one of his legs just above his instep, occasioned by the cut of a scythe. He left the plantation on Easter Sunday, and it is supposed is making his way to the Ohio, in order to go down the river, as he has a wife belonging to Mr. William Johnson, who is now moved out to Kentucky with his family to settle in that country. He chews tobacco, is a fellow of simple and mean address, and easily alarmed. He will endeavour to pass for a free man, by the name of PETER MOORE, as he has a pass with that name inserted in it—his cloathing consisted of strong, country made, striped kersey, Osnaburg shirts, and a good felt hat.

If the above fellow should be taken up any where within forty miles of this place and brought home to me, I will pay TWENTY DOLLARS therefor—If more than forty miles, and within one hundred miles, FIFTY CENTS for every mile that he shall be so distant from hence when taken; if more than one hundred miles from this place when apprehended, I will pay ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to me. Should he be taken up and secured in a goal, I will give one half of the above reward, regulating the same by the distance he is from hence when apprehended, provided I receive immediate notice thereof by post and recover the Fellow.

JAMES CARROLL.

City of Baltimore, Aprill 7, 1807. 6t

PHILIP MOWRY,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed to Pittsburgh, and that he carries on all manner of

Blacksmith Work,

in the *Stone Building* at the south corner of the Diamond, where those who please to call may be supplied with the best work on the shortest notice, and upon the best terms; and from his attention to business he hopes to receive encouragement from a generous public.

Pittsburgh, December 15, 1806.

☞ Merchants ascending or descending the rivers may be supplied with the best warranted Axes, Hoes, or any other kind of work, on the shortest notice.

N. B. Two Apprentices wanted to the above business. None need apply but Lads of good character.

GENEVA GLASS.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the publick generally that he has on hand a large assortment of

Geneva Glass,

consisting of the following articles, to wit:

10 by 12, 8 by 10, and 7 by 9, Window Glass
Gallon, half gallon, quart and pint bottles
Gallon, half gallon, quart and pint jars,
Pitchers assorted
Quart, pint, half pint and gill tumblers,
Quart, pint, half pint and gill decanters
Goblets, cream jugs, quart and pint mugs and Bowls

All of which he will sell at the lowest Geneva prices, for cash or approved paper.

THOMAS CROMWELL.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1807. tf.

The Pittsburgh Academy

WILL be opened on the first Monday in May. The following branches of Education will be taught by the Rev. Robert Patterson, Principal, and the Rev. John Taylor, Professor of Mathematics, viz.—

The Latin and Greek Languages, English Grammar, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, History, Geography, Guaging and Book-keeping.

Tuition 25 Dollars per annum, payable quarter yearly. April 13, 1807.

TICKETS,

IN THE

Vincennes University Lottery,

(Price Five Dollars,)

For Sale at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette. Companies may be supplied with any number, and no money will be required until the drawing commences.

Late Intelligence.

[*Received by the ship President Adams, 34 days from Liverpool, arrived at Boston.*]

ELBING, *Jan.* 29.

The French Marshal Bernadotte marched from hence on the 24th, and marshal Ney was advancing to form a junction with him, but the former had been defeated by a combined Russian and Prussian corps—4000 French were made prisoners, 10 pieces of cannon taken, 2 stands of colours and the whole of Bernadotte's baggage. The Russian gen. Von Anrepp was killed. Bernadotte was driven 20 leagues from Elbing—Ney retreated to Przasniez, in East Prussia. The former is surrounded but the latter has joined Murat. A grand battle is momently expected. The Russian army consists of 200,000 men, and is daily augmenting.

A letter from Councellor Theveoust, dated Marienwesder, Jan. 27, says the remains of Bernadotte's army have been cut off. Murat has been wounded and taken; Bernadotte severely wounded; Rapp killed; Fouchier made prisoner; that the contributions of Elbing, 60,000 crowns, were taken; that Bonaparte was ill of a nervous fever at warsaw; that the blockade of Gradenz is raised; that Lannes lost both legs; that 6000 French were killed, and 4000 wounded; and that gen. Victor had been made prisoner and had arrived at Dantzic.

WARSAW, *Feb.* 9.

The Emperor continues frequently to make short excursions. An order has been issued at Posen to arrest all persons who say any thing to the prejudice of the grand army. This order is in consequence of the scandalous reports that get abroad.

The Polish army has marched against Dantzic, and are before that place.

The French have appeared in the vicinity of Stralsund.

Their Prussian majesty's are at Konings-burgh. Their return thither is considered a proof of their confidence that the French will not be able to advance.

The French have evacuated Elbing; also Ostrolenka, and some other places, considered too far advanced from the main body.

ALTONA, *Feb.* 13.

Bonaparte has offered to the Swedes, if they will make peace, to give them *Norway, belonging to the Danes!!* The Swedes refused the offer, and sent the letters to the Court of Denmark. The King of Sweden is stated to have said, "I shall never in my life become the ally of such a robber as you"

Apprehensions are entertained of a visit from the Russians in Italy.

It appears that a battle, which ended in favour of the Russians, took place at Mohringen, Jan. 26. The Russians attacked the left wing under Ponte Corvo.

The Russian advanced posts were at Culm, on the Banks of the Vistula.

There cannot be the least doubt of the recent success of the Russians, as they absolutely occupy places which had been in the possession of the French.

The 54th bulletin says, marshal Ney advanced 20 leugues, and *returned* without loss. The French are said to be in great want of provisions.

LONDON, *Feb.* 20.

Sir Home Popham has arrived from the river Plate, is under arrest, and must be tried—he is treated with much respect. Government are determined to try Buenos Ayres once more; but Monte Video will probably be the first attacked. Sir Home returned in an American ship.

The question for emancipating the Irish Catholicks is to be again agitated in Parliament.

Feb. 23.—The 55th Bulletin, dated at Warsaw, Jan. 29, gives an account of the battle of Mohringen, of Jan. 25. The French were commanded by the prince of Ponte Corvo. It says the Russians were driven two leagues, lost 1200 killed, and 300 prisoners.

Some inhabitants of Polish Prussia have been ordered to be shot for concealing the deserters.

Feb. 24.—It is said the Russsian ministry have presented the British government, the draft of a commercial treaty, which puts the British trade on the Baltic on a level with that of the native Russian merchants, from port to port. The greater part of the alien duties, as far as respects Great Britain are to be taken off; and it is expected that Russia will employ her mediation with the court of Denmark, to procure, in favour of England, a considerable diminution on the duties paid at the Sound—The latter would be an inestimable advantage to the British government.

Gen. Whitlock is to sail immediately for S. America, with an expedition.

By accidents in the crowding of the extraordinary large mob, collected yesterday at the execution of two murderers, 24 men and 3 women were killed, and 18 men and 2 women wounded.

Feb. 25.—The Russian official report of the battle of the 25th, between the Russians and Prussians and Bernadotte's and Ney's divisions, has been received, and amply confirms us in the opinion we have invariably maintained, that the FRENCH WERE *DEFEATED.*

But the defeat was much more decisive than we were at first induced to believe. That obscure part of the 54th bulletin, which stated Ney's division to have advanced 20 leagues from the cantonments, and to have returned without sustaining any loss, is now explained—Ney had marched to reinforce Bernadotte, for the purpose, as it should seem, of pushing on to Konigsberg. But the Russians and Prussians by a rapid and masterly movement, interposed a strong column between them, drove back Ney, and prevented the junction. There appears to have been two battles. The 54th bulletin, in alluding to Ney's advance and retreat, does not inform us that there was any action—it merely says, that the Russian army took the alarm, and made a movement on the right of Ney's division. But we now find, that on the 24th Jan. the Russians and Prussians attacked Ney, near Mohringen, and compelled him to fall back to Przasniez, in East Prussia, where he joined Murat's division. On the next day day the Russians attacked part of Bernadotte's division under gen. Pactod: Bernadotte himself then brought his whole division against them. A desperate conflict ensued, which terminated in the defeat of Bernadotte, who lost 4000 men made prisoners, and all his baggage. The immediate consequences of this victory was the evacuation of Elbing, by the remains of Bernadotte's division—indeed it should seem as if, after the battle of the 25th, Bernadotte had been unable to return to Elbing, for the official report of the Russians and Prussians states him to have been driven into the forest of Stralsburg, twenty leagues from Elbing, where his corps is completely surrounded, and it was supposed would be completely cut off.

The consequences of the battle of the 25th are very important—the combined Russians and Prussians have re-occupied Elbing, the Prussians are at Merienwerder, the Russians at Culm on the banks of the Vistula—the blockade of Gandentz has been raised, and the king of Prussia, who retired to Memel, has returned to Konigsberg.

Feb. 28.—Letters have been received from Konigsberg, of the 10th inst. which contain a report of Negociations going forward between the Belligerent Powers.

Government have received dispatches of great importance from Admiral Louis, and which were considered of so pleasing a nature, that immediately upon their being received at the Admiralty, they were communicated to the office of Secretary of State; and thence to the Turkish and other foreign embassadors. The substance of them is, that the best understanding exists between this government and that of the Sublime Porte; and that at the time the dispatches were sent off, all discontent at Constantinople had ceased; and the most friendly intercourse existed between the English Ambassador and the Ministry and high Officers of the Turkish government. It is further stated, that two of our men of war, the Canopus of 84, and two frigates were stationed opposite Constantinople, and that two line of battle ships, and four frigates were anchored at the entrance of Dardanelles. Our fleet was supplied from the shore with abundance of fresh provisions and fruit and vegetables of all kinds. They were all in a state of perfect health.

These dispatches are dated December 29th. A few days before this date, a Russian frigate had passed through the Dardanelles in its way to the Black Sea a circumstance which had occasioned the loud complaints of the bastiani; but the English ambassador was permitted to interpose, and the Turkish government was satisfied. The five sail of the line under Vice Admiral Sir J. Duckworth were daily expected to reinforce our squadron in those parts. At the date of these dispatches, war had not been declared against the Russians; but we understand the dispatches to state, that this declaration was daily expected. The Turks however seemed resolved to maintain their friendship with England, and so popular was the idea of peace with this country, that where the government of the Porte even hostilely inclined, the clamour of the body of the people would reduce them to more moderate designs.

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53d Bulletin of the Grand Army.

WARSAW, Jan. 22.

"Prince Jerome continues the campaign in Silessia with great activity. Lieut. Gen Deroi had already invested Kossel, and opened the trenches. The seige of Schweidnitz and that of Nesse continue to be carried on.

"Gen. Victor, as he was proceeding to Stettin, in his carriage, accompanied by an aid-de-camp, and a single domestic, was carried off by a party of chassenrs, who were scourng the country.

54th Bulletin of the Grand Army.

WARSAW, Jan. 27.

"Eighty-four pieces of cannon taken from the Russians, are ranged before the palace of the republic of Warsaw.

"Five thousand prisoners have been sent to France, two thousand escaped in the first moments of confusion, and fifteen hundred have entered among the Polish troops.

"Some battalions of light infantry belonging to marshal Ney's corps had advanced twenty leagues from their cantonments, the Russian army took the alarm, and made a movement on its right. The battalions have *returned* within the line of their cantonments, without sustaining any loss.

"During this period, the Prince of Ponte Corvo took possession of Elbing, and the country situated on the borders of the Baltic.

Thus have the battles with the Russians cost them a great deal of their artillery, all their baggage, and from 25,000 to 30,000 men, killed, wounded, or prisoners.

"A Russian column had gone to Leibstadt, beyond the little river Passarge, and had carried off half a company of the Voltigeurs of the 18th regiment of the line, who were at the advanced posts of the cantonment. The Prince of Ponte Corvo, informed of this movement left Elbing, collected his troops advanced with Rivaud's division towards the enemy, and met them near Mohringen.

"On the 25th, at noon, the enemy's division appeared, 12,000 strong. We soon came to blows. The 8th regiment of the line fell upon the Russians with inexpressible bravery, to repair the loss which one of its posts had experienced. The enemy were completed routed, pursued 4 leagues, and compelled to repass the Passarge. Dupoint's division arrived just as the engagement was concluded, and could take no part in it.

"On the right and centre of the army, the enemy are more than 30 leagues from our posts.

From the Lower Elbe, Feb. 6—The head quarters of marshal Mortier were at Muizow on the 1st int. not far from Brandhagen, and about two miles from Straulsund. Marshal Mortier had reconnoitered that fortress. The Swedes made a sortie with 600 infantry, 300 cavalry, and 4 pieces of cannon, but were driven back.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, April 28, 1807.

NOEL HUGUS, convicted of the murder of *David Pollock*, was executed at Somerset, on the 11th inst. He appeared undaunted at the place of execution, said he did not fear death, and ascended the ladder with a firm step and unchanged countenance. He declared that he was innocent of the murder. It is said that upwards of 2500 people attended at the execution.

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On Monday night, the 30th ult. a snow fell at Huntingdon, in this state, nearly three feet deep.

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The Legislature of this state adjourned on Monday, the 13th inst. During their session they passed 153 Laws, and 12 Resolutions.—The following are the titles of the laws of a public nature, and in which the citizens of this country are interested.

An act to encourage the killing of panthers.

An act to authorise the commissioners of Indiana county to levy and collect county taxes in the county of Jefferson.

A supplement to the act entitled "An act to alter the judiciary system of this commonwealth, and to alter the time of holdiug the courts of common pleas and quarter sessions and orphans court, in the county of Washington."

An act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act directing the sale of certain town-lots in the town of Beaver and other lands adjacent thereto."

An act to authorise the governor to incorporate a company for making an artificial road by the nearest and best route through the counties of Wayne and Luzerne, beginning at the river Delaware where the proposed bridge is to be built near the town of Milford, thence through the said town and counties aforesaid, to or near the forty-third mile-stone in the north line of the state.

An act to organise the provisional county of Cambria.

An act to enable aliens in certain cases to purchase and hold real estate within this commonwealth.

A supplement to the act, entitled "An act to enable the governor of this commonwealth to incorporate a company for opening a canal and lock navigation, between the rivers Schuylkill and Susquehanna by the waters of Tulpehocken, Quittapahilla and Swatara, in the counties of Berks and Dauphin."

An act authorising the governor to incorporate a company for making an artificial road from Harrisburgh, through Lewistown and Huntingdon to Pittsburgh.

An act granting two thousand dollars to the commissioners of Erie county for the purpose of ereting public buildings for the use of said county.

A supplement to the act, entitled "An act for the more speedy and effectual collection of certain debts due to this commonwealth."

An act to repeal the 19th section of the act to regulate the general elections within this commonwealth.

An act to incorporate the trustees for Meadville academy, and to establish the same.

A supplement to the act, entitled "An act to erect the town of Canonsburgh, in the county of Washington, into a borough."

An act to provide for the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants and slaves within this commonwealth.

An act making appropriations for improving the road leading from Milesburg, in Centre county, to Waterford, in Erie county.

A supplement to the act, entitled "An act authorising the governor to incorporate a company for making an artificial road from the bank of the river Susquehannah opposite the borough of Harrisburgh to Pittsburgh."

An act to enable the governor to incorporate a company for making an artificial road, by the best and nearest route from the borough of York to the Maryland line, at the place the present York road passes the same, or as near thereto as the commissioners shall find expedient.

An act to authorise the secretary of the land-office to sign patents for land and land warrants.

A supplement to the act, entitled "An act directing the mode of selecting and returning jurors."

An act authorising the court of quarter sessions of Butler county, to direct a review of that part of the state road leading from Blair's Gap, to the western boundary of the state, which lies between the twenty-fourth and twenty-seventh mile trees.

A further supplement to the penal laws of this state.

An act to authorise the governor to incorporate a company, for making an artificial road from the Philadelphia and Lancaster turnpike road, in Lancaster county, at or near the Gap tavern, to the line of the state of Delaware.

An act supplementary to the several acts of this commonwealth, concerning partitions, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

An act to alter and amend the act, entitled "An act for the better support of the public credit, &c." passed the 10th day of April, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-one.

An act enjoining certain duties on the judges of the supreme court.

An act making an appropriation for improving the navigation of le Bœuff, and French creek, from Waterford to the south line of Erie county.

An act appropriating a sum of money, for laying out and opening a state road from Logan's Narrows, in the county of Huntingdon, to the state road, leading to Presqu'isle.

A supplement to the act, entitled "An act for the relief and support of insolvent debtors."

An act to enable the governor to incoporate a company, to make an artificial road from the court-house, in the borough of Gettysburgh, through Petersburgh to the Maryland line.

A supplement to, and making perpetual an act, entitled, "An act for the recovery of debts and demands not exceeding one hundred dollars, before a justice of the peace, and for the election of constables, and for other purposes."

A supplement to an act, entitled "An act to erect Somerset town, in the county of Somerset into a borough."

An act authorising the president of the United States, to open a road through that part of this state, lying between Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, and the Ohio river.

A further supplement to the act, entitled "An act for the regulation of the militia of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania."

An act for the regulation of the militia of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

An act for raising by way of lottery the sum of six thousand dollars for defraying the expense of making an acqueduct to conduct water into the town of Meadville, and for other purposes.

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of certain roads in the western counties, and authorising the courts of the respective counties to appoint fit persons to view and lay out the same.

An act erecting a middle district of the supreme court and for other purposes.

A act declaring the middle of the Monongahela the division line, between the counties adjoining the same.

An act directing the distribution of the journals printed in the English language, and for other purposes.

An act for the further establishment and regulation of election districts.

An act making appropriations for certain roads therein mentioned, and also for improving certain rivers.

An act to enforce the collection and settlement of tavern licences, milita exempt fines, and for other purposes.

An act extending the powers of the justices of the peace and aldermen in certain cases.

A further supplement to the act, entitled "An act to regulate the general elections in this commonwealth."

An act directing the mode of settling accounts in the land office, and to prevent frauds in obtaining warrants.

An act to raise six thousand dollars by lottery, for the purpose of building a church for the use of the Lutheran and Calvinist congregations, in Hamburg, Berks county, and for finishing the Presbyterian church in the borough of Pittsburgh.

An act authorising the court of quarter sessions of Westmoreland county to vacate that part of the state road that lies between Jones' mill, in said county, to the line of Somerset county.

A supplement to an act, entitled "An act to regulate arbitrations and proceedings in courts of justice."

An act regulating township elections.

An act for making appropriations, and for other purposes.

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RESOLUTIONS.

1. Authorising the printing of six hundred copies of the journals of the General Assembly, additional.

2. Directing the secretary of the commonwealth, to make a further distribution of the laws of this state, printed by Carey and Bioren, and also the trial of the judges of the supreme court, printed by William Hamilton.

3. Directing the distribution of the seventh volume of the laws of Pennsylvania, printed by Bioren.

4. Requiring the surveyor-general, on application, to furnish certified copies of drafts of depreciation and donation lands, for the commissioners of the counties in which they lie.

5. Relative to the importation of slaves.

6. Authorising and requiring the secretary of the commonwealth, to distribute the journals printed in the German language.

7. Relative to the publication of laws in newspapers.

8. Directing the secretary to furnish each member of the legislature, with a copy of the laws of the present session, through the respective prothonotaries.

9. Directing the governor, to transmit to the president of the United States, a copy of the act, authorising a turnpike through that part of this state, between Cumberland and the Ohio river.

10. Directing the printing of a certain number of copies of the supplement, to the one hundred dollar law.

11. Directing the printing of a sufficient number of copies of the militia law, of the present session.

12. Respecting the illegal exactions practiced at the ports of Natchez and New-Orleans, on the road passing down the Mississippi.

From the National Intelligencer.

The following extract of a letter received from Lt. Gaines, dated Fort Stoddart, Feb. 22, furnishes some interesting circumstances relative to the arrest of Col. Burr.

"Early in the morning of the 12th of the present month I was advised by major Perkins, that a man, whom he suspected to be col. Burr, had passed through the upper end of this settlement the preceding evening; whereupon I immediately set out with a serjeant and three privates of my detachment; and after reconnoitering with major Perkins about fourteen miles up the country, met Col. Burr, and escorted him to this place. My apprehensions relative to the Spaniards were strengthened by the arrival of a Spanish officer, who commands one of the armed vessels at Mobile (whose name I cannot recollect.) He dined with me yesterday and made a request through his interpreter, to be permitted to see col. Burr, who, he said, he understood was in the Fort. I promised to see the colonel, and then give him an answer. I went to the colonel's room, and informed him that the Spanish officer wished to see him. He immediately shewed me a paper he had just written, in which he requested me to introduce him to the Spanish officer, adding that he was anxious to send to his friend Morales for a few necessaries. I observed that perhaps it was nothing more than idle curiosity that prompted the Spanish officer to wish to see him, I could not, under present circumstances, admit an interview. I returned, and informed the Spanish officer, through his interpreter, that, as Col. Burr was a citizen of the U. S. and in confinement for an offence against the laws thereof, I could not permit an officer of a neighbouring government to see him, especially as I presumed they could have no sort of business with each other. The officer *immediately set out* in a small boat *for Mobile*. This circumstance, together with a communication, made by Mr. Ashley, who accompanied Col. Burr to this country, to one of our citizens, has induced me to adopt a measure, which had before strongly presented itself as indispensible, to send him direct to the seat of government. [See Note 1.]

"I regret extremely that I should have been compelled to take any measures in relation to the disposal of the prisoner, without instructions from my superiors; nor would I have hazarded this step, but from the fullest belief that I could not keep him secure at this place much longer; nor could I have sent him with safety to Natchez, from hence his associates are no doubt moving towards this place.—But in addition to these causes, I have to combat an enemy, that might prove more formidable, and much more unpleasent than either. I have learnt from a soldier, whom I have usually found to be a man of truth, that the Colonel had made overtures to two centinels (who were at different times on duty at his door) for his liberation, and had made offers of cash. My informant, John Brown, a Taylor, had been doing some work for the colonel who finding he could speak French, and after some conversation with him in that language, and sounding him as he believed, on the subject of a bribe, enquired whether the two centinels aforesaid could be depended on—Such is my situation, should any attempts be made either within or without the fort to rescue the prisoner before his departure, the measures which I feel bound to take will be of a much more serious nature than his removal to Washington.

"I have committed the prisoner to the charge of major R. Perkins, to whose activity and patriotism the public are indebted for the seizure of this extraordinary man. The major has selected a party of active and respectable men, [*See. note* 2] to assist him on the route, and he will also be accompanied by serjeant Harris and Cyrus Jones, who were with me when I took the prisoner, and who are amongst the most confidential men of my detachment."

—

Note 1. The communication here referred to, we understand to be this. While Ashley was in company with the sheriff, he said he was well acquainted with the objects col. Burr had in view, and among other things stated that it was his intention to go into the Floridas.—On subsequent enquiries made of him by others, he professed total ignorance of the views of col. Burr, and said that he had accidently fallen in with him. This Ashley is a character of some celebrity. He is reputed to be a man of talents, possesses considerable property, and was with Noland in the Spanish country when he fell.

There was another circumstance, which probably operated strongly on the mind of lieut. Gaines, and which is stated on the authority of major Perkins. Information was received in conversation with a Spanish officer, that col. Burr was generally expected at the town of Mobile by the officers there, where also it was reported that Moralles then was. This, together with the immediate departure of the officer from fort Stoddart, on finding an interview with col. Burr unatainable, probably led lieut. Gaines to believe that a rescue might be attempted.

Note 2. The escort was composed of the most respectable men in the country, some of them possessed of very considerable property, and others much distinguished in their districts.

To these circumstances it is proper to add, that col. Burr was treated during the journey with the greatest attention and tenderness.—From the beginning to the end of it he was supplied with tea, coffee, wine and brandy, of some of which materials he had even a portion left on his arrival at Richmond—and though the party were for two or three days destitute of a sufficient supply of provision, col. Burr had allotted to him the usual quantity. Until the attempt made by him to get out of the power of the escort, he was permitted to wear his pistols and a large knife. After this attempt he was deprived of the former.

AT a meeting of Federal and Constitutional Republican Delegates from the several townships of Allegheny county, held at Robert Spencer's Tavern, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 25th of April, for the purpose of ascertaining and recommending to their fellow citizens, proper persons to be supported at the ensuing General Election.

NATHANIEL PLUMMER was chosen Chairman, and *HENRY HASLET*, Secretary.

Whereupon the following resolutions were agreed to.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting two Candidates ought to be supported at the next election for the office of Sheriff.

Resolved, That this meeting recommend to their fellow citizens of the county the following Candidates as proper persons to be supported by them, viz.

For Sheriff—WILLIAM WOODS,
JOHN FRITCHMAN.

Commissioner—ANDREW WATSON.

Resolved, That ROBERT BALDWIN, in conjunction with the Candidates to be nominated by the Federal and Constitutional Republicans of Beaver and Butler Counties, be supported at the next election as members of the General Assembly.

Signed by order of the Meeting,
NATHANIEL PLUMMER, *Chairman*.
HENRY HASLET, *Secretary*.

Distressing storm at N. London.

The violent storm of Thursday last, which was so severely felt in this town and has we are sorry to learn, made dreadful havock among the wharves, stores, shipping, &c. at New-London. The tide rose three feet and an half higher than can be recollected in the memory of the oldest man. Among other calamities, we mention as a subject of the most peculiar regret, that the ingenious and extensive *salt works*, situated on the beach within four miles of New-London, have been almost entirely destroyed. The whole length of sea wall, which was much higher than any warf in the city, was beaten in by the violence of the winds and waves; and all the vats, one of which was 500 feet square, deluged and ruined. The damage sustained is computed at 200,000 dollars. These works were the property of Mr. FENNELL, the celebrated tragedian, whose classick erudition and histrionick talents have already given such dignity and interest to the Boston Theatre; and will we trust even through this overwhelming croud of misfortune, still continue to beam their influence on our state, and still

"——*diffuse the radiance on our stage.*"

About eight years since, Mr. Fennell obtained a patent for a new method of manufacturing salt; and until the last two years he has struggled with embarrassments in the establishment of his place. But he found resources in his genius, which to other minds had been inaccessible; and having conquered every difficulty, his works were just completed on a very capital scale, and would this summer have gone into the most extensive and successful operation. The destruction of such a manufactory is indeed a public loss; but on Mr. Fennell the blow has fallen, like the besom of fate. It has swept off in one day, the unrewarded labours of eight years; the accumulated fruits of his perseverance; and all the ripening hopes of his ingenuity. But,

"——*In the reproof of chance,*
"*Lies the true proof of men,*"—

We have no doubt Mr. F. may lean on his own fortitude to support him; and we hope his fortitude will find a staff in the public liberality. *Boston Gaz.*

AN INTERESTING SCENE,
Which took place at Covent Garden Theatre, not long after the death of Lord Nelson.

A SAILOR, apparently about 30 years of age, and of very healthy appearance, with the blunt and honest manner of a real tar, at the early part of the evening, occasioned some mirth to the individuals in the pit, where Jack was also situated, bawling loudly for those *aloft* (meaning the galleries) to *stow their jabber*, or cease their noise, increasing thereby the confusion which prevailed. Jack, at length, raising himself on one of the seats, exclaimed—"*messmates aloft—three hearty cheers for Nelson and the Nile.*" Jack was obeyed—nor were the shouts confined to the galleries alone.

Jack, from the attention paid him, was now inclined to indulge himself further; and producing a Medal, which he fastened to a black ribband, he gave the audience to understand, that it was a medal which had been struck to commemorate the battle of the Nile; and which, as the brave Nelson was no more, as it bore his head, he offered to their notice, (pointing to the black ribband) in mourning! Much applause followed—and the *Medal in mourning* was conspicuously waved by the sailor many times during the remainder of the night.

Jack having repeatedly called to the musicians between the acts of the tragedy, for "*Rule Britannia*," without being attended to, at the conclusion of the piece, forced his way through all impediments in the pit, to the orchestra, when he again waved his black ribband, with the medal affixed to it, and insisted upon his favorite tune, with which he was at this time indulged.

Much applasse followed; and Jack, as he twirled round his black ribband lost the medal, which found its way to the stage. A gentleman in the boxes, beckoned to one of the performers, whom he observed standing against one of the wings at the side of the stage, to take up and bring to him the medal which the sailor had lost, which was accordingly done, and Jack soon after was again in possession of his prize.

The honest sailor then, until the close of the Wild Islanders, continued tranquil—when he suddenly clambered over the orchestra, and succeeded in taking possession of the stage!—Shouts, with much laughter, now predominated in the house, and Jack made several ineffectual attempts to *speechify*. The audience however, at length, became silent, to listen to what he had to say, when he addressed them in the following words:—

"*Ladies and Gentlemen*,

"Shall I give you a *handspike* (meaning a hornpipe) or a song?"

"A song! a song!" was exclaimed by many at the same time in the gallery; but Jack being beckoned to by a performer from the right hand stage door, he retired before he had performed the vocal part of the task he had voluntarily undertaken to attempt.

Nothing more was heard of the sailor until the final piece, "Nelson's Glory," was nearly concluded; when Mr. Incledon stepped forward to the front of the stage, and spoke the following words:

"*Ladies and Gentlemen*,

"One of the brave crew of the Victory begs your permission to appear before you on this occasion, that he may join in the chorus of "Rule Britannia."

This extraordinary request was immediately granted, with very loud and reiterated applause; when the honest sailor, of whom we have been speaking, again appeared, and *sans ceremonie*, seized the British flag, which one of the performers supported, and exultingly contiued to wave it above the head of Mr. Incledon till the song of "Rule Britannia" was concluded.

This was certainly one of the most interesting scenes ever exhibited in any theatre. It made a wonderful impression on the minds of the spectators. They beheld one of the brave fellows who had taken an active part in the late glorious victory of Trafalgar, and who had fought in that ship, in which our departed hero fell. The final curtain at length dropped amidst the loudest plaudits, in which the ladies in the boxes, and in fact every individual present most heartily joined.

When the honest tar indicated a resolution not to part with the flag, although importuned by the performer, whose office it was to bear it, the theatre resounded with the highest acclamations of spontaneous approbation. It was a scene of such true sensibility, that the cheeks of numbers of the spectators, both male and female, were bedewed with tears of sorrow, gratitude, and joy, on the recollection of the glorious victory.

The Subscriber has removed his
SCHOOL
From Fourth to Second Street, opposite the *Cash-Bank*. He teaches English in an approved manner; and where there is capacity in his pupils, and *regular* attendance upon School hours, he engages to make them, in due time, *good readers*, so as, not only to read the usual *School routine* gracefully, but also, *Polite Literature*, in all its branches, with *Air*, *Voice*, and *Action*, suitable to the subject.

Having had a *Classical Education*, and the opportunities of the best company, which ever give the *truest pronunciation*; he hopes, without boasting, to make good his assertions, and pledges himself to the public, that he will use his utmost exertions to promote, not only the aforesaid very desirrble ends, but also a suitable proficiency in *Writing*, *Figures*, &c. &c.

THOMAS ABRAHAM.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1807.

N. B. Rooms to Let from 1st May—also, a good Stable, with stalls for six horses.

PROPOSALS,
For Publishing by a general Subscription,
A REPORT
OF THE CASE OF
The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
VERSUS
E: PENTLAND,
Editor of "The Commonwealth,"
For an alledged libel on Peter Eltonhead.
WITH AN APPENDIX,
Containing all the original documents, a detail of the causes which gave rise to the publication, and a selection from British books of a number of remarkable cases of lunacy, similar to Peter's.

Conditions.

1. This curious and interesting trial, (commonly known by the name of Peter's case) will be comprised in a neatly printed pamphlet of about 50 pages....The arguments of the counsel, and the charge of Judge Roberts to the jury, will be given at length.

2. The price to subscribers will be in proportion to the number subscribed for....any number less than 10, twenty-five cents....for 10, and not exceeding 25, twenty cents....for 25, and upwards, fifteen cents, payable on delivery.

3. The pamphlet will be put to press as soon as 1000 copies have been subscribed for....and be completed with as little delay as possible. Five hundred copies have already been subsribed for....and the number is rapidly encreasing.

☞ *Country storekeepers and others, by receiving subscriptions, and forwarding them to the editor of* The Commonwealth, *will confer a particular obligation....and editors of newspapers inserting these proposals shall be paid the amount of their charge in pamphlets.*

To be Leased,
On Ground-Rent, forever,
A LOT of Ground, containing 180 feet front and 80 feet deep, situate in Second street, between Wood and Smithfield streets. For terms apply to the subscriber. *THOMAS BRACKEN.*
Pittsburgh, April 24, 1807.

Broke into the plantation of the subscriber living in Pine Township, Allegheny county, on the 15th inst. a Bay *MARE*, about six years old, a natural trotter, shod all round, part of her mane and tail cut short. The owner is desired to come and prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

THOMAS MALLARSON.
Pine Township, April 27, 1807.

To be Rented or Sold,
And possession given immediately,
A LARGE and commodious Dwelling House, suitable for a Tavern and Store, with convenient and useful back buildings, stabling and garden, in the Town of Franklin. A place well calculated for public business, at the junction of French creek and Allegheny river. For terms apply to.

ALEXANDER M'DOWEL.
Franklin, April 1st, 1807.

JOSEPH DAVIS,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed from his late residence in Market Street, to his House in the Public Square, next door to Mr. Boyle Irwin's, where he has opened for sale a large and handsome assortment of

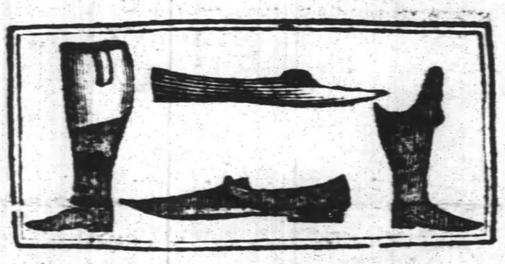
Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c.

which he will sell at his usual low prices for Cash or Country Produce.

Pittsburgh, April 15, 1807.

☞ A generous price will be given for *HEMP*.

All persons indebted to him by bond, note, or book account are earnestly requested to make payment, as it is out of his power to give any further indulgence.



DENNIS MURPHY,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public, that he has removed to Second Street, next door to the sign of the SWAN, where he carries on the above busines in all its various branches. From his experience in business, the excellent quality of his leather, and the neatness and strength of his work, he flatters himself he will give satisfaction to those who may please to employ him.

He has now on hand, and shall constantly keep a handsome assortment of READY MADE WORK, to supply travellers, or merchants, or others, ascending or descending the rivers.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1807.

FOR SALE,

THOSE Iron Works, with about 3000 acres of Land adjoining on Jacobs Creek, generally known by the name of the ALLIANCE IRON WORKS, and also the stock on hand, &c. on liberal terms and accommodating credit. The premises will be shewn by *Mr. Stinchcomb*, who resides at them, and applications to purchase received by the subscriber.

If not sold at private sale before the first day of July next, they will on that day be exposed to *Public Sale* on the premises. A complete title will be given to the purchaser. Apply to

SAMUEL HUGHES JUN.
Hagerstown (Maryland,) *March* 23, 1807. } 3m.

JAMES HOPE,
LADIES SHOEMAKER,
In Market-Street, next door to Mr. Zadok Cramer's Book and Stationary Store,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies of Pittsburgh, that he has on hand an elegant assortment of LADIES SHOES, of every description, which he will warrant, and sell low for Cash only.

He has also on hand a handsome assortment of MOROCCO and KID SKINS, with which Merchants may be supplied, (wholesale or retail) as well as with Ladies Shoes.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1807.

To be Sold by Public Vendue,
at the adjourned Court to be held in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Monday, the 11th day of May next,
Two Elegant Brick Houses,
situate in Wood Street, between Third and Fourth streets. Likewise, one *Two Story Frame House*, in Market, between Second and Third streets, now occupied by *Alexander M'Nickle*; also, *One Lot*, in the Town of Erie, corner of the Diamond.

The above property will be peremptorily sold to the highest bidder, and a good title given.

The terms of sale will be one third Cash, one third in six months, and the remainder in one year from the day of sale. By the Executors,

GEORGE ROBINSON.
DAVID M'ELHENEY.
April 27, 1807.

JEREMIAH STURGEON,

MOST respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced TAVERN KEEPING and FERRYING in that commodious house of WM. Valentin's on the river Allegheny, Middle Ferry, sign of the Plough, formerly occupied by A. Davidson, where he will be well supplied with the best materials for the accommodation of those who may please to favor him with their custom. He also will have an assortment of both Wrought and Cut Nails, Brads and Sprigs, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1807.

FOR SALE,
Forty-Six barrels of Tar,
together or by the barrel; if sold together, an approved Note at Sixty Days will be taken. Apply to

WM. GAZZAM.
Market Street, Pittsburgh.
April 21, 1807.

ABRAHAM WATKINS,

BEGS leave to return his warm thanks to his customers, and the public generally, and to inform them that he has removed his *HAT MANUFACTORY* next door to the corner of Fifth Street, in Market Street; where he will continue to be supplied with HATS of every description, of the newest fashions and best workmanship. He hopes from his new arrangements, to be able to furnish supplies to merchants ascending or decending the rivers, on the lowest terms.

Pittsburgh April 1, 1807.

BARR IRON,
FOR SALE,
From Huntingdon and Centre Counties,
At a reduced price, by

E. DENNY.
April 15, 1807.

TO THE PUBLIC,
Particularly the MERCHANTS,
IN PITTSBURGH, AND ELSEWHERE.

BROTHERS,

YOUR friends of the Seneca Nation, belonging to Allegheny River, speak to you.—We hope you will be attentive, and listen to our talk. We understand that some of you are in the practice of trusting our Indians for goods, &c. Brothers—We have taken this matter into consideration, and, in order that the chain of friendship may be kept bright between you and us, we now earnestly entreat you not to trust our Indians any more, as we are determined to pay no debts contracted by individuals—and such as have accounts against any of our Tribe, we request them to pay early attention to recover them from those who have contracted the debt. Brothers, when application is made to you in future for trust, by any of our people, we hope you will then remember our talk, and attend to our request, and we shall ever consider it a mark of your friendship. We request our talk may be put on the great paper, that you may not be deceived.

Agreed on at a Council held at the Cold Spring, 2d mo. 9th, 1807.

Signed by the followinig Chiefs—
Cornplanter † his mark,
Cockondanogah † his mark
Conudin † his mark
Agisquat-tah † his mark
Tus-an-dan-guit † his mark
Tiki-ando † his mark
Blue Eyes † his mark
Johnston Silverheels † his mark
John Pierce † his mark
Gan-hau-stee † his mark.

TO BE RENTED,
And possession given immediately.
A STORE ROOM and CELLAR, in the south west corner of the Diamond, next door to Mr. M'Clurg's. The Store Room is in complete repair, and is not inferior to any in the Borough, being so convenient to the Market House. For terms apply to the subscriber now living on the premises.

JAMES DODDS.
Pittsburgh, April 20, 1807.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED BY
ZADOK CRAMER,
(Volume first of)

A Dictionary of the Holy Bible:

WHEREIN ARE EXPLAINED,

All the proper names mentioned in the Old and New Testament, of men, women, cities, countries, rivers, mountains, &c.

ALSO

An explication of all the appellative terms; and a systematical description of all the natural productions, such as animals, vegetables, minerals, stones, gems, &c.

FORMING

A body of scripture history, chronology, and divinity; a repository of important Jewish antiquities, and a concordance to the scriptures.

ILLUSTRATED

With a collection of the most elegant maps and plates hitherto executed, and which were never before published in the United States.

By the Rev. JOHN BROWN,
Minister of the Gospel, Haddington.

To which are added for the first time, NOTES, Theological, Literary, Historical, and Illustrative.

☞ *The terms of publication are:*—Those who subscribed for the work prior to the first day of September, 1806, price *six dollars* for the two volumes, *payable on delivery of the first*, and one copy given gratis for every *ten* subscribers procured, and the same rate of discount for any number above *five*, the person procurin uthem becoming responsible for the punctual payment of the money at the time the books are delivered out of the office:—To those who subscribed after the *first* day of *September*, 1806, *seven dollars*, with the same allowances for a number of copies.

It will be noticed by our subscribers and those who may have obtained subscriptions, that we cannot take upon us the responsibility of forwarding their books without special orders, and as frequently as possible we could wish they might be consigned to the care of some agent in town, into whose hands we would deliver them according to order—Subscribers paying all expenses of transportation.

We think it highly probable, from the great demand for this work, that the *Edition* will soon go off; subscribers, therefore, must not calculate on the publisher's reserving their copies for any length of time; and in order that they may not meet with any disappointment, either as to the getting of their books, or the raising the price thereof, he begs they will take the earliest opportunity possible in calling or sending for them:—This he flatters himself they will have a double motive in doing: the obliging, and remunerating him for the vast expence to which he has been put in giving to his numerous and respectable patrons, (to whom he most respectfully returns his cordial thanks for their zeal and industry on this occasion) a work so valuable in itself, and so highly important and useful to all classes of society; *clergy, & laity; learned*, and *unlearned; philosophers*, and *naturalists; historians*, and *geographers; botanists*, and *mineralogists*, &c.—as well as the motive of obtaining for their own and their families' use, volumes of such intrinsic merit, by which they must be insructed and amused, while they become more thoroughly acquainted with the inspired oracles of God, "*By which men live*," says the pious and learned Mr. Brown, "*and in them is the life of our soul.*"

The second volume is going on as rapidly as industry can make it, and unless we meet with disappointments in supplies of paper, it will be completed in five months from this time. The maps and plates are in the engravers' hands and progress with much elegance and correctness.

Our patrons may rest assured that neither pains nor expense have been spared to make the first volume worthy their approbation, and we hope the second will not degenerate in point of execution; at any rate, it will be considerably larger.

☞ *Subscriptions* will be thankfully received at the rate of *seven dollars*, until the whole is completed, when it may be raised to *eight*.

As the subscribers' names are to be inserted in the last volume, we wish them to be forwarded in time—many have been received, qut we expect many more remain yet to come in.

*** Printers who were good enough to lend us their aid by inserting our first advertisement, for which we particularly return them our grateful thanks, we hope will continue their kindness by also taking notice of this.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 13th, 1807.

Being duly impowered for that purpose, I offer for SALE.

A large Tract of Land,

in Beaver county, on both sides of Racoon creek about three or four miles from the mouth, adjoining to Bryan's mills, and known by the name of Col. Simm's land. A great bargain may be had for good payments, and the title indisy putable. Enquire of CHARLES MORGAN, near the premises, or of the subscriber in Pittsburgh. PRESLEY NEVILL

FOR SALE.

A Tract of Land containing 400 acres, situate on the waters of Robinson's run, in Robinson township, Allegheny county, about 5 miles from Pittsburgh, adjoining lands of George Cubbage, James Ewing, Esquire, and others. On this tract there is 30 acres cleared and under good fence. Apply to H. HASLET.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 17, 1806.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM,

Lately from Philadelphia.

INFORMS his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the WIRE-WORKING Business in all its different branches, in the house of *Benjamin Herr*, in Market Street, corner of the Diamond, opposite the sign of the Bear, where he makes,

ROWLING SCREENS, both single and double, for cleaning of Wheat and Flaxseed.
Screens and all kinds of Riddles for Dutch Fans
Shutting and standing Screens for mills.
Reying-seives, for cleaning Wheat, Rye, Oats, Flax-seed, and Clover-seed.
Indian meal Sifters.
Screens and Riddles, for bricklayers and plaisterers.
Paper moulds, and Rag Tables
All kinds of wire work for cellar windows, spring-houses, safes, and sky-lights.
Fenders for fire places, bird-cages, rat-traps, &c. &c.

All of which are done in the neatest manner, and will be sold at the Philadelphia prices.

N. B. Orders from the country duly attended to.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 1806

Land for Sale.

ABOUT 170 acres, on which there are 60 acres cleared and under good fence, whereon Archibald Hamilton lived, in the forks of Monongahela and Allegheny rivers, about eight miles from Pittsburgh—it joins 'Squire Alexander's, and is of the first quality.

A Tract of Land on the Nine-mile Run, about six miles from Pittsburgh, in the forks of the same rivers, on which Abdiel M'Clure formerly lived (and now William Pollock lives) including the mill—an excellent tract of land.

A Tract of Land on the waters of Racoon creek, adjoining Samuel Scott's, and near Bavington's mill, the property of the Rev. Dr. Andrews, of Philadelphia, on which the widow Andrews lately lived. It contains about 130 acres, has a considerable proportion of cleared and cultivated land, and is of an excellent quality.

A Tract of Land, about 260 acres, on which James Dryden lives, on the waters of Chartiers creek, between the Redstone and Devore ferry road, within about four miles from the town of Washington—about 60 acres cleared, and a good orchard.

Several Farms, from 150 to 400 acres, on the head waters of Racoon and Miller's Run, formerly the property of General Washington, and of an excellent quality.

For further information apply to the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

ALEXANDER ADDISON.

Jan. 21, 1807.

LOOKING GLASSES.

A QUANTITY OF THE BEST

Imported Looking Glasses,

For Sale (for Cash only) by
WILLIAM EICHBAUM,
Front Street.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 27th, 1807.

N. B. Clock and Picture Glasses of any dimension, by the above. tf.

THOMAS PERKINS,

Respectfully informs the Public that he has just commenced the

Gold, Silver Smith & Watch *Business,*

IN Market Street, a few doors above Mr. John Scull's corner. Having served a regular apprenticeship in one of the first Shops n Philadelphia, he will engage to perform in some of the most difficult branches of the business (such as Plate Gold work, &c.) equal to any thing done in the City and at the lowest prices. He hopes, by his attention, punctuality, and experience in the business, to merit the patronage of the public.

☞ An Aprentice wanted to the above business.

Pittsburgh, October 26, 1806.

FOR SALE,

Land on the Franklin Road,

Within 6 or 7 miles of Pittsburgh.

I will sell nine small surveys, containing from 70 to 150 acres in each tract, within 6 or 7 miles of Pittsburgh, on the Franklin road. For terms apply to Henry Haslet, Esq. who is fully authorised to sell and convey, or to

JOHN WILKINS, Jr.

Pittsburgh, July 12, 1805.

FOR SALE,

A Tract of Donation Land,

CONSISTING of 200 acres, No. 209, in the First District. The Land is of a good quality. It will be sold low for cash and an indisputable title given. For terms apply to *JEREMIAH BARKER*, Esq. or *JAMES MOUNTAIN*, Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.

September 22, 1086. tf.

Whiskey, Peach Brandy, Flour,

Oats, Corn, and Hay, will be taken in exchange for SALT. Apply to,

ROBERT SPENCER.

Pittsburgh, March 4, 1807. 3m.

JOSEPH HARBESON,

At the sign of the STILL, *in Market Street, between Second & Third Sreets, just from Philadelphia, has commenced the* Copper and Tin Manufactures, *in Pittsburgh, and has now for Sale, and shall continue to keep a supply of all sizes of Stills demanded.*

STILLS of every size and description,
Copper Boilers for Brewers,
Hatters' Kettles,
Soap Boilers' ditto,
Tea Kettles,
Brass and copper Wash Kettles, and every other article in the Copper line.
A handsome assortment of Tin Ware.

It being his intention to pursue the business extensively, he hopes for the patronage of the Public, and any orders left shall be punctually fulfilled, and at the most reasonable prices.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1805.

N. B. Merchantable Whiskey at Market Price, taken in part pay for Stills.

A few Barrels good Whiskey, for Sale

One new *Brewing Copper*, ready made containing near 700 gallons.

☞ TIN by the box, for Sale.

He intends keeping on hand from 50 to 100 Stills, assorted. Any person living at a distance will not meet with a disappointment by sending here for Stills.

JOHN CARR,

Cabinet, Chair Maker & Turner,

LATELY FROM PHILADELPHIA,

RESPECTFLLY informs his friends and the Public in general, that he has removed to the three story frame House, next door to the corner of Front in Market Street, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, where he continues to carry on the Cabinet and Chair Making in all its various branches. Orders of every description will be thankfully received and duly attended to.

J. CARR, takes the liberty of informing them that he intends pursuing his business extensively, and has procured excellent journeymen from Philadelphia, as well as a good supply of stuff. He has now on hand a handsome assortment of Furniture, which he will WARRANT, and is determined to sell at the most reduced prices. He returns his sincere thanks for their past favours and hopes by his experience and attention to his business to merit a continuance of them.

Merchants and others descending the river, can be supplied at the shortest notice, for cash or the usual credit.

N. B. Country produce at market price taken in exchange for furniture.

☞ Two Journeymen Cabinet Makers will meet with good encouragement.—Apply as above.

Pittsburgh, September 5, 1805.

I WILL sell a TAN YARD in complete order, having a Bark Mill, Currying Shop and abundance of water at all seasons in the yard, Pools and Vats have been sunk, and all the buildings erected within the last eighteen months, the Dwelling House, is a Frame, two story high, extending 25 feet in front and 32 feet deep, with Cellars under the whole, in the house are four fire places. All the buildings and Vats, are inclosed by a new pale fence—This property is situate in the main street of St. CLAIRS VILLE, the County town of Bellmont County, State of Ohio. Through this town the Great National Road from the City of Washington, to the Seats of Government of the States of Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, and the several Territories passes. This property is worthy the attention of any Tanner and Currier, desirious to establish himself in a rich and populus county and in a public situation.—Terms of Sale may be made known by applying to JOHN PATTERSON, Esq. St. Clairs Ville, or to the owner at Washington, Pennsylvania.

JOHN SIMONSON.

FOR SALE—Also several quarter and half sections of Land in the counties of Jefferson and Bellmont, State of Ohio—I will dispose of a number of Tracts of donation lands in the counties of Beaver, Mercer, and Crawford, or give improving leases to those desirous of settling as tenants—Some of these Lands are already settled and improved—Also a Farm in the the county of Washington, which I will sell or lease.

JOHN SIMONSON.

February 12, 1807. tf.

PROPOSALS,

FOR PLAISTERING the large Room on the lower story of the Court House, will be received at the Commissioners Office until the 4th day of May next.

WM. M'CLURE,
JAMES SAMPLE,
JOHN DARRAGH. } Commissioners.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1807.

Land for Sale.

A VALUABLE Farm containing two hundred acres, on the waters of Girty's Run, six miles from Pittsburgh. On this tract there is a good two story square log House, and upwards of thirty acres of clear land, part of which is in good grass, together with good stabling.—The whole of the improvements are new and in good order, and the land of the first quality.

Also, one hundred and forty eight acres on the waters of Pine Creek, twelve miles from Pittsburgh. On this farm there is fifteen acres of clear land, part in grass, together with a good cabin and stable. This land is of a good quality.

Also, two hundred acres on the waters of Conequenessing creek, in Butler county, six miles from Butler Town. On this farm there is a small improvement. This land is of the first quality. For terms apply to PHILIP MOWRY, in Pittsburgh.

August 25, 1806. tf.

To be Sold at Private Sale.

BY the executors, the following property of the late Andrew Jamison deceased. Two large brick houses in Wood street, Pittsburgh, between Third and Fourth streets, with one lot adjoining. One house in Market street, now occupied by Mr. M'Nickle, near the corner of Third street, and one lot of ground in the town of Erie at the corner of the diamond.

The terms of sale will be one third cash, one third in six months, and the remaining third, in twelve months, from the day of sale.

The above property for which a good title will be given, will be sold, either in lots or together as may suit the puschaser.

For further particulars apply to the subscribers who will inform applicants of the day of sale.

GEORGE ROBINSON.
DAVID M'ELHENEY.

Pittsburgh, December 24, 1806. tf.

FOR SALE,

A Donation Tract of Land situate in Butler county in the First Donation District, and numbered 203—containing 200 acres. The terms of sale will be made known by applying to H. HASLET.

Pittsburgh, 17th Nov. 1806.

Lands for Sale.

TWO Tracts of Land laying on Racoon creek, near White's mill, Washington county, Pennsylvania, one containing 393 acres, the other 295 acres. These lands for situation and fertility, are exceeded by none in that part of the country, having been taken up at an early period. On one of which tracts there is a very natural and desirable mill scite,—on both excellent Sugar camps, and on each a tenement cleared sufficient for the support of a small family. The title indisputable. Any person inclining to purchase will please to call on Mr. SAMUEL MERCHANT, adjoining one of the tracts, who will shew them, and for terms to

THOMAS CROMWELL.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 1, 1806. tf.

N. B. If these lands are not sold previous to the sugar season, the sugar camps on each will be let on reasonable terms. *T. C.*

ENTERED with the subscriber, Woodranger for Allegheny county, the following STRAYS, viz:—A Bay Horse about 6 years old, 14 hands high, the near hind foot white, a natural trotter, and shod all round—also, an iron gray Horse, 4 years old, about 14 hands high, his mane cut a little, a natural trotter, and shod before. The owners are desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away. JOHN BELL, Woodranger.

Chartiers Creek, 4 miles from Pittsburgh, April 13, 1807.

FOR SALE.

A valuable Tract of Land containing 153 acres, situate in Pitt township, Allegheny county, adjoining lands of David Irwin, John Diller, and James Millegan. This tract is first rate land, and has about 60 acres cleared and under good fence, a good house and barn erected thereon, and a bearing apple and peach orchard. For terms apply to *Dunning M'Nair*, Esq. or to H. HASLET.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 17, 1806.

The stockholders of the Erie and Waterford Turnpike Road Company, are directed to pay the sums not heretofore called for, on their respective shares, at the times, in the manner and in the proportion following, to wit: Five Dollars on each share by them respectively held, on the 20th day of May next, Five Dollars on the 10th day of June next, Five Dollars on the 1st day of July next, Five Dollars on the 1st day of August next, Five Dollars on the 1st day of September next, and Five Dollars on the 1st day of October next, to Henry Baldwin, Esquire, Pittsburgh; Ralph Marlin Esquire, Meadville; John Vincent, Esquire, Waterford; or to the subscriber at Erie.

By order of the President and Managers,

JUDAH COLT, Treasurer.

Erie, April 6, 1807.